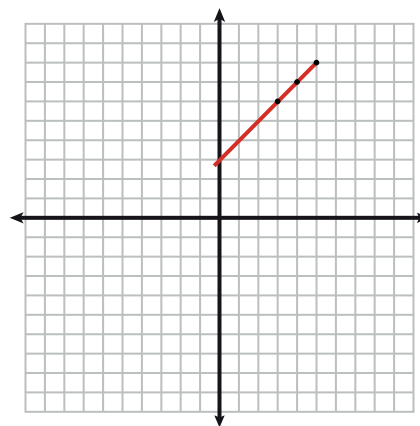
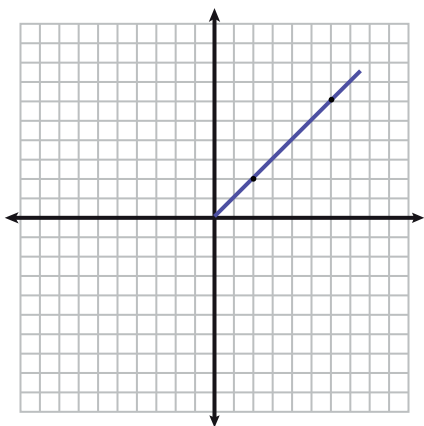


## Constant of Proportionality Guided Notes

1. How are these similar? Different?



2. Let's look more closely . . .

<b>x (Trees Killed)</b>	<b>y (Packs of Cigarettes)</b>	<b>Rate of Change</b>
1	15	
2	30	
3	45	
5		
10		

3. \_\_\_\_\_ means the same. What stayed \_\_\_\_\_ in the table?
4. For proportional relationships, Rate of Change is the same as \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Complete the table.

Equation	$y = 2200x$	$y = 15x$
Rate of Change		
Constant of Proportionality		

6. Proportional means \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Since the \_\_\_\_\_ is the same as \_\_\_\_\_ the equation for  $k =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

## Summary of Learning

For proportional relationships, the **Rate of Change** is the ratio of \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_. **Constant** means the \_\_\_\_\_. When the relationship is proportional, the term **Constant of Proportionality** is the same as \_\_\_\_\_ of Change. Constant of \_\_\_\_\_ is represented by the letter \_\_\_\_\_.  $k = y/x$  is an equation that stands for how a \_\_\_\_\_ graph changes. In the example of 1 tree killed for 15 packs of cigarettes, we could write the equation: \_\_\_\_\_.