FIGURE 3.5 SEVEN DESIGN ELEMENTS OF EFFECTIVE PROFESSIONAL LEARNING AND PITFALLS TO AVOID		
DESIGN ELEMENT	DESCRIPTION AND KEY IDEAS	PITFALLS TO AVOID
1. Is discipline- specific	<ul> <li>Learning is focused on the content that teachers teach.</li> <li>There is job-embedded learning.</li> <li>Experiences are situated within the context of teachers' classrooms and current students.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PD is generic.</li> <li>PD is delivered by outsiders.</li> <li>PD is divorced from teachers' classroom or school context.</li> </ul>
2. Engages people through active learning strategies	<ul> <li>Professional learning addresses how teachers learn as well as what teachers learn.</li> <li>Teachers' experience is utilized as a resource for new learning.</li> <li>Adults choose learning opportunities based on their interests and needs.</li> <li>Authentic artifacts, such as student work products, help teachers to construct learning that refines their practice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PD is "done" through sit-and-get sessions.</li> <li>Learning is passive.</li> <li>Teachers' previous experience is disregarded.</li> <li>New strategies are layered on top of the old.</li> </ul>
3. Provides models of effective practice	<ul> <li>A vision of practice is provided to teachers.</li> <li>Curricular models are provided.</li> <li>Instructional models are provided.</li> <li>Expert support and coaching are available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teachers refer to curriculum guides for support.</li> <li>Teachers who utilize curriculum materials alone have lower student achievement than teachers who access materials and expert support.</li> </ul>
4. Supports collaboration	<ul> <li>Collective work in trusting environments provides a foundation for inquiry and reflection.</li> <li>Grade levels, departments, and schools are the basis of teams who problem solve and learn together.</li> <li>The equity of whole systems improves.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Individualistic work can be isolating.</li> <li>There is a business-as-usual approach.</li> <li>PD is a single or isolated encounter.</li> </ul>

FIGURE 3.5	(CONTINUED)	
DESIGN ELEMENT	DESCRIPTION AND KEY IDEAS	PITFALLS TO AVOID
5. Provides coaching and expert support	<ul> <li>Experts, typically educators themselves, play a critical role by guiding and supporting colleagues.</li> <li>Strategies are modeled.</li> <li>Support for group processing and discussion is available.</li> <li>Collaborative analysis of student learning is promoted.</li> <li>Coaching (can occur in a teacher's classroom) is offered.</li> </ul>	Teachers are on their own to implement new curricula, tools, and approaches.
6. Offers feedback and reflection	<ul><li>There is built-in time for teachers to think about and adjust their practice.</li><li>There is intentional time for feedback and reflection.</li></ul>	Feedback to teachers may be limited or misaligned with teachers' learning needs. • Reflection may or may not occur.
7. Is of sustained duration	<ul> <li>Meaningful professional learning that leads to changes in practice takes time.</li> <li>Professional learning is rigorous, cumulative, and organized around a single set of concepts or practices.</li> <li>Learning may last for weeks, months, or longer as teachers apply and refine their practice.</li> </ul>	PD does not afford the time necessary for teachers to learn at deep levels.

Retrieved from the companion website for *Collaborating Through Collective Efficacy Cycles: A Playbook for Ensuring All Students and Teachers Succeed* by Toni Faddis, Douglas Fisher, and Nancy Frey. Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin, www.corwin.com. Copyright © 2023 by Corwin Press, Inc. All rights reserved. Reproduction authorized for educational use by educators, local school sites, and/or noncommercial or nonprofit entities that have purchased the book.