Silent E rule

Drop the final **E** from a word when adding -al, -ed, -ing, -able, -ate (suffixes beginning with vowels)

remove-removal date-dating

love-lovable

Don't drop the final **E** from a word when adding any other suffix (suffixes beginning with consonants)

EX:

love-lovely care-careful

EX:

(sílent e) (sílent e)
The <u>adorable</u> pup was <u>loved</u> by
(sílent e) (sílent e)
hís <u>lovely</u> new <u>playmates</u>.

PRACTICE THE CONVERSATION:

- **A:** Read the sentence at the bottom, please.
- **B:** The adorable pup was loved by his lovely new playmates.
- **A:** Great. Which of these words have a silent-E word as a root word?
- **B:** Four of them. *Adorable, loved, lovely, playmates.*
- **A:** Yes. And can you turn those into their silent-E roots?
- **B:** Sure. Adore, love, love, playmate.
- **A:** Why does the "E" stay on some of those words and get dropped on others?
- B: The silent E has to stay on the word unless it's replaced by another vowel. So if the suffix starts with a vowel, the "E" can go. If there's no vowel, the "E" has to stay.
- **A:** Good explanation!
- **B:** Thank you.

