3.10 Index of Reading Awareness

Please read each question. Select the answer that best fits what you do when you are reading.

- 1. What is the hardest part about a story for you?
 - a. Sounding out hard words.
 - b. When I don't understand the story.
 - c. Nothing is hard about reading.
- 2. What would help you become a better reader?
 - a. If more people would help me when I read.
 - b. Reading easier books with shorter words.
 - c. Checking to make sure I understand what I read.
- 3. What is special about the first sentence or two in a story?
 - a. They always begin with "Once upon a time . . . "
 - b. The first sentences are the most interesting.
 - c. They often tell what the story is about.
- 4. How are the last sentences of a story special?
 - a. They are exciting action sentences.
 - b. They tell you what happened.
 - c. They are harder to read.
- 5. How can you tell which sentences are the most important ones in a story?
 - a. They're the ones that tell the most about the characters and what happens.
 - b. They're the most important ones.
 - c. They're all important.
- **6.** If you could only read some of the sentences in the story because you were in a hurry, which ones would you read?
 - a. Read the sentences in the middle of the story.
 - b. Read the sentences that tell you most about the story.
 - c. Read the interesting, exciting sentences.
- 7. When you tell other people about what you read, what do you tell them?
 - a. What happened in the story.
 - b. The number of pages in the book.
 - c. Who the characters are.
- 8. If the teacher told you to read about a story to remember the general meaning, what would you do?
 - a. Skim through the story to find the main parts.
 - b. Read all the story and try to remember everything.
 - c. Read the story and remember all the words.

- 9. Before you start to read, what kind of plans do you make to help you read better?
 - a. I don't make any plans. I just start reading.
 - b. I choose a comfortable place.
 - c. I think about why I am reading.
- 10. If you had to read very fast and could only read some words, which ones would you read?
 - a. Read the new vocabulary words because they are important.
 - b. Read the words that I can pronounce.
 - c. Read the words that tell most about the story.
- 11. What things do you read faster than others?
 - a. Books that are easy to read.
 - b. When I've read the story before.
 - c. Books that have a lot of pictures.
- 12. Why do you go back and read things over?
 - a. Because it's good practice.
 - b. Because I didn't understand it.
 - c. Because I forgot some words.
- 13. What do you do if you come to a word and you don't know what it means?
 - a. Use the words around to figure it out.
 - b. Ask someone else.
 - c. Go on to the next word.
- 14. What do you do if you don't know what a whole sentence means?
 - a. Read it again.
 - b. Sound out all the words.
 - c. Think about the other sentences in the paragraph.
- **15.** What parts of the story do you skip as you read?
 - a. The hard words and parts I don't understand.
 - b. The unimportant parts that don't mean anything for the story.
 - c. I never skip anything.
- 16. If you are reading a story for fun, what would you do?
 - a. Look at the pictures to get the meaning.
 - b. Read the story as fast as I can.
 - c. Imagine the story like a movie in my mind.

- 17. If you are reading for science or social studies, what would you do to remember the information?
 - a. Ask myself questions about the important ideas.
 - b. Skip the parts I don't understand.
 - c. Concentrate and try hard to remember.
- 18. If you are reading for a test, which would help most?
 - a. Read the story as many times as possible.
 - b. Talk about it with somebody to make sure I understand it.
 - c. Say the sentences over and over.
- 19. If you are reading a library book to write a report, which would help you the most?
 - a. Sound out the words I don't know.
 - b. Write it down in my own words.
 - c. Skip the parts I don't understand.
- **20.** Which of these is the best way to remember a story?
 - a. Say every word over and over.
 - b. Think about remembering it.
 - c. Write it down in my own words.

Subtest Score	Interpretation
8-10	No significant weakness
6-7	Some instructional support needed
0-5	Serious need for instruction in this area

Source: Jacobs, J. E., & Paris, S. G. (1987). Children's metacognition about reading: Issues in definition, measurement, and instruction. Educational Psychologist, 22, 255-278.