Figure 2.2 Types of knowledge and their functions.

Type of Knowledge	What Is It?	What It Does	Example
Declarative	Definitional level learning that answers "what"	Entry level factual knowledge that builds initial understanding and early categorization	A reader can define what a mnemonic is.
Procedural	Process level of learning that answers "how"	Application of a procedure such that the learner can accurately and reliably replicate it	A reader can accurately develop a mnemonic when prompted to do so.
Conditional	Problem-solving and decision- making level of learning that answers "when and why"	Strategic and fluent use of procedures for the purpose of resolving problems under a wide range of circumstances	A reader recognizes when a mnemonic would be useful and develops one in order to memorize important information.