CHECKLISTS FOR CREATING TESTS THAT ASSESS MASTERY

Short-Answer Items		
	Can the items be answered with a number, symbol, word, or brief phrase?	
	Has textbook language been avoided?	
	Have the items been stated so that only one response is correct?	
	Are the answer blanks equal in length (for fill-in responses)?	
	Are the answer blanks (preferably one per item) at the end of the items, preferably after a question?	
	Are the items free of clues (such as a or an)?	
	Has the degree of precision been indicated for numerical answers?	
	Have the units been indicated when numerical answers are expressed in units?	
Binary (True–False) and Multiple-Binary Items		
	Can each statement be clearly judged true or false with only one concept per statement?	
	Have specific determiners (e.g., usually, always) been avoided?	
	Have trivial statements been avoided?	
	Have negative statements (especially double negatives) been avoided?	
	Does a superficial analysis suggest a wrong answer?	
	Are opinion statements attributed to some source?	
	Are the true and false items approximately equal in length?	
	Is there approximately an equal number of true and false items?	
	Has a detectable pattern of answers (e.g., T , F , T , F) been avoided?	
M	atching Items	
	Is the material for the two lists homogeneous?	
	Is the list of responses longer or shorter than the list of premises?	
	Are the responses brief and on the right-hand side?	
	Have the responses been placed in alphabetical or numerical order?	
	Do the directions indicate the basis for matching?	
	Do the directions indicate how many times each response may be used?	
	Are all of the matching items on the same page?	

Multiple-Choice Items	
	Does each item stem present a meaningful problem?
	Is there too much information in the stem?
	Are the item stems free of irrelevant material?
	Are the item stems stated in positive terms (if possible)?
	If used, has negative wording been given special emphasis (e.g., capitalized)?
	Are the distractors brief and free of unnecessary words?
	Are the distractors similar in length and form to the answer?
	Is there only one correct or clearly best answer?
	Are the distractors based on specific misconceptions?
	Are the items free of clues that point to the answer?
	Are the distractors and answer presented in sensible (e.g., alphabetical, numerical) order?
	Has all of the above been avoided and none of the above used judiciously?
	If a stimulus is used, is it necessary for answering the item?
	If a stimulus is used, does it require use of skills sought to be assessed?

Source: Adapted from Linn, R. L., & Gronlund, N. E. (2000). Measurement and assessment in teaching (8th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill Prentice Hall. Used with permission.